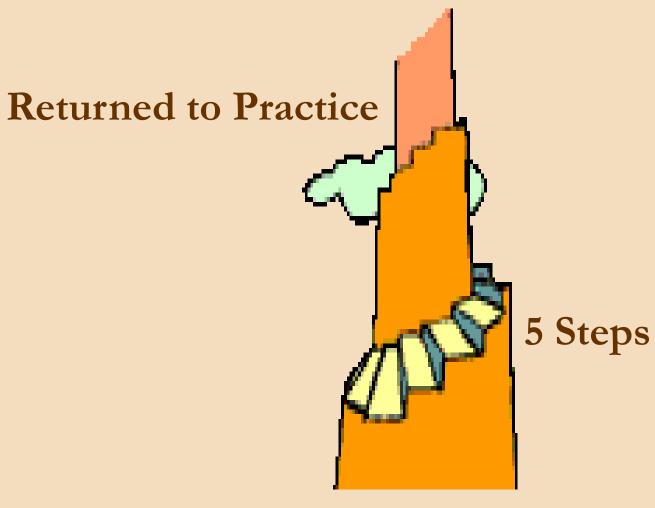
# Dam<sup>n</sup>ing the research evidence cascade

Professor Jackie Crisp - David Coe Professor of Child and Adolescent Nursing — Sydney Children's Hospital and University of Technology Sydney; Conjoint Professor — University of New South Wales; Research Fellow — Victoria University Wellington, New Zealand

**Professor Maralyn Foureur** – Graduate School of Nursing and Midwifery Victoria University Wellington; Director of Clinical Effectiveness Unit – Capital and Coast District Health Board, New Zealand





Grounded in practice

# Understanding & Considering

Predicting & 'Effect'ing

Individual / group
experiences &
expectations

People Outcomes

Practices

Local clinical practices
and management
systems

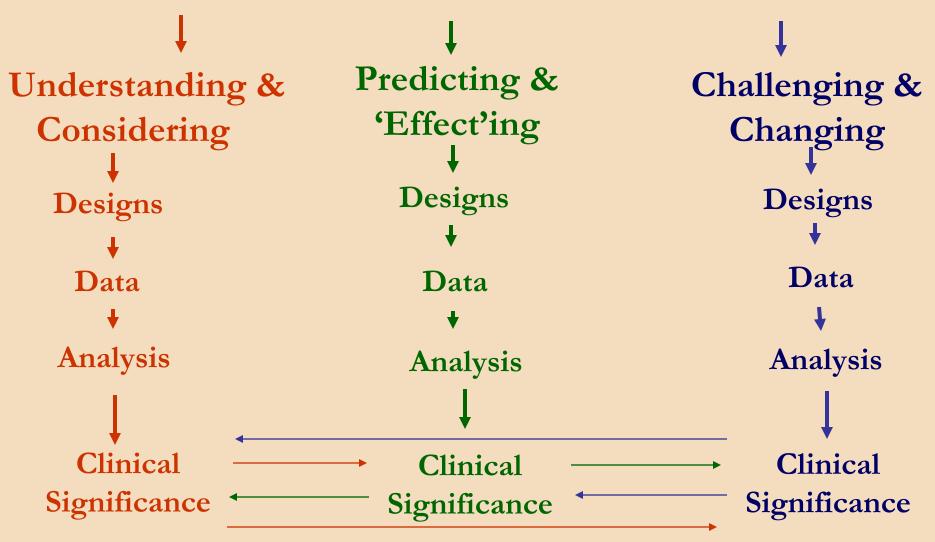
Puzzles

Local processes,
capacity &
desire for change

Challenging & Changing

### THREE CATEGORIES OF QUESTIONS

#### THREE CLUSTERS OF RESEARCH APPROACHES



#### THREE CATEGORIES OF QUESTIONS THREE CATEGORIES OF APPROACHES Predicting & Challenging & **Understanding &** 'Effect'ing Considering Changing **Designs Designs** Designs Data Data Data **Analysis Analysis Analysis** Clinical Clinical Clinical Significance Significance Significance

### **Designs**

**Descriptive** 

What appears to be?



Correlational -

'Relationships'

How related?

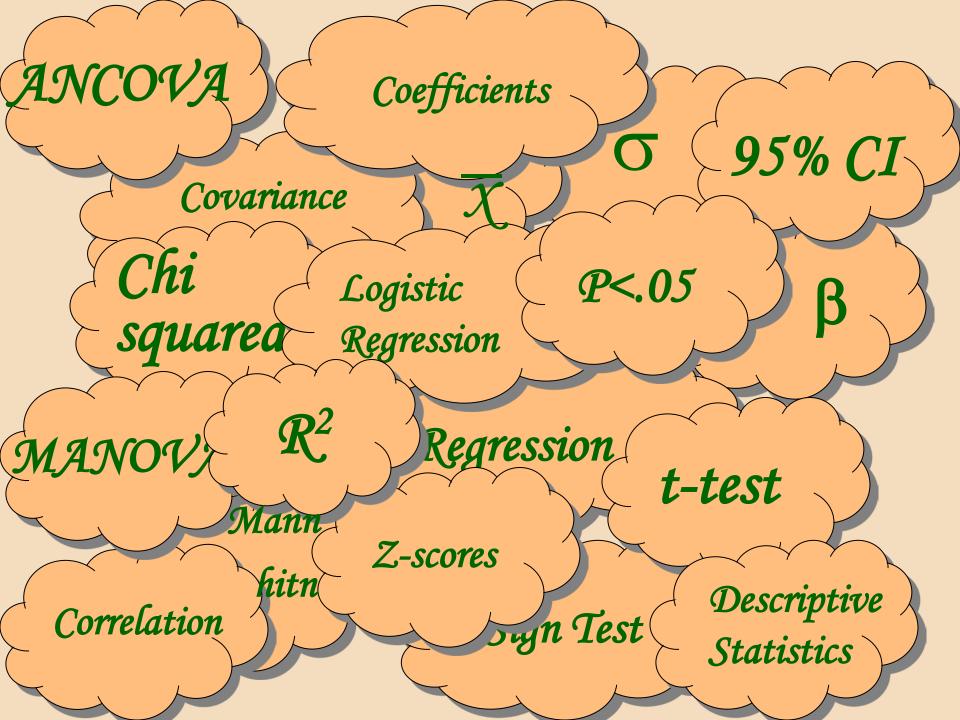


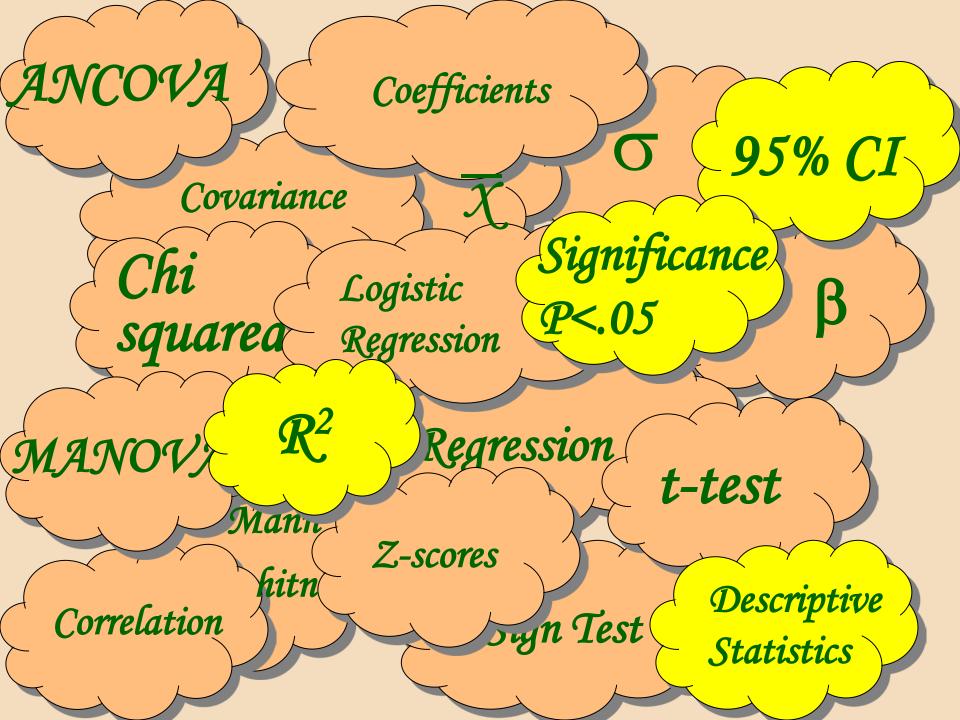
RCT/Experimental -

'Group Differences'

What is best?







		ſ,
		5
	7	
	2	
		2
	C	
•	7	
	÷	_
	2	
	7	_
,	•	1
		)
_		1

DATA	Descriptive Statistics	
	Central Tendency	Dispersion
Categorical, Nominal, Dichotomous	Mode	Frequencies %
Ordinal – low level	Median	Frequencies % Inter-quartile range
Ordinal – high level	Mean	Standard Deviation
Interval	- if normal distribution	- if normal distribution

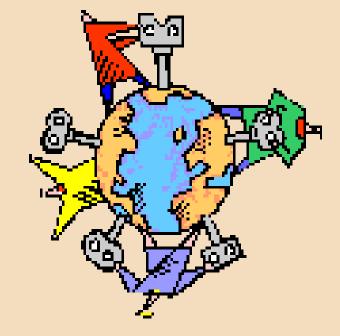
	C	
	F	5
	6	=
	F	
	Ė	_
	ë	
	4	_
•	Ţ	_
•	+	=
	(	-
	7	=
	C	D
(		
7		

	DATA	Descriptive Statistics	
		Central Tendency	Dispersion
	Categorical, Nominal, Dichotomous	Mode	Frequencies %
Conunuous	Ordinal – low level	Median	Frequencies % Inter-quartile range
	Ordinal – high level	Mean	Standard Deviation
	Interval	- if normal distribution	- if normal distribution

DATA	Statistical Significance	
	Relationships	Group Differences
Categorical or Dichotomous	Fisher's exact Phi Logistic regression	Chi squared Chi squared for trend analysis
Ordinal – low level	Ki uskali-	ficance test for data
Ordinal – high level	Pearson's correlation  Multiple linear  regression	Student's t Multiple regression
Interval	Discriminant Analysis Factor Analysis	ANOVA/ANCOVA MANOVA/MANCOVA

## Descriptive Statistics + Outcomes





Clinical Significance

Relationships

Coefficient of Determination (R<sup>2</sup>)

### Group Differences

#### **Dichotomous outcomes**

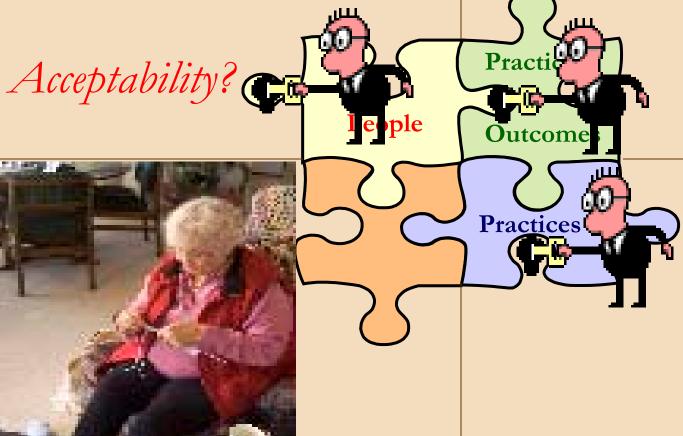
Absolute Risk/Benefit (AR/AB)
Relative Risk/Relative Benefit (RR/RB)
Odds Ratios (OR)
Numbers needed to treat/harm (NNT/NNH)

<u>Continuous outcomes</u> Mean or Median Differences

\* With 95% Confidence Intervals

# Understanding & Considering

Predicting & 'Effect'ing



Efficacy, Safety
& Cost?

Feasibility?

Challenging & Changing



## Thank you